LX172, LX173, LX176, LX178, LX186 & LX188 Lawn Tractors

TECHNICAL MANUAL

John Deere Lawn & Grounds Care Division

TM1492 (31MAY96)



M58372

LX Series Lawn Tractor

This technical manual is written for an experienced technician and contains sections that are specifically for this product. It is a part of a total product support program.

The manual is organized so that all the information on a particular system is kept together. The order of grouping is as follows:

- · Table of Contents
- Specifications
- · Component Location
- System Schematic
- Theory of Operation
- · Troubleshooting Chart
- · Diagnostics
- · Tests & Adjustments
- Repair

Note: Depending on the particular section or system being covered, not all of the above groups may be used.

Each section will be identified with a tab symbol rather than a number. The groups and pages within a section will be consecutively numbered.

All information, illustrations and specifications in this manual are based on the latest information available at the time of publication. The right is reserved to make changes at any time without notice.

We appreciate your input on this manual. To help, there are postage paid post cards included at the back. If you find any errors or want to comment on the layout of the manual please fill out one of the cards and mail it back to

Safety Specifications and Information Engine-Kawasaki Engine-Kohler **Electrical Power Train (Gear) Power Train (Hydrostatic) Steering Brakes**

Attachments

Miscellaneous

M

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RECOGNIZE SAFETY INFORMATION



This is the safety-alert symbol. When you see this symbol on your machine or in this manual, be alert to the potential for personal injury.

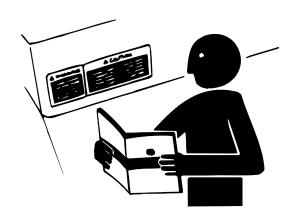
Follow recommended precautions and safe servicing practices.

Understand Signal Words

A signal word—DANGER, WARNING, or CAUTION— is used with the safety-alert symbol. DANGER identifies the most serious hazards.

DANGER or WARNING safety signs are located near specific hazards. General precautions are listed on CAUTION safety signs. CAUTION also calls attention to safety messages in this manual.

REPLACE SAFETY SIGNS

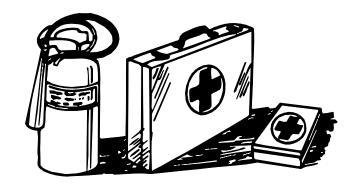


Replace missing or damaged safety signs. See the machine operator's manual for correct safety sign placement.

HANDLE FLUIDS SAFELY-AVOID FIRES

Be Prepared For Emergencies





When you work around fuel, do not smoke or work near heaters or other fire hazards.

Store flammable fluids away from fire hazards. Do not incinerate or puncture pressurized containers.

Make sure machine is clean of trash, grease, and debris.

Do not store oily rags; they can ignite and burn spontaneously.

Be prepared if a fire starts.

Keep a first aid kit and fire extinguisher handy.

Keep emergency numbers for doctors, ambulance service, hospital, and fire department near your telephone.

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USE CARE IN HANDLING AND SERVICING BATTERIES





Prevent Battery Explosions

- Keep sparks, lighted matches, and open flame away from the top of battery. Battery gas can explode.
- Never check battery charge by placing a metal object across the posts. Use a volt-meter or hydrometer.
- Do not charge a frozen battery; it may explode.
 Warm battery to 16°C (60°F).

Prevent Acid Burns

 Sulfuric acid in battery electrolyte is poisonous. It is strong enough to burn skin, eat holes in clothing, and cause blindness if splashed into eyes.

Avoid acid burns by:

- 1. Filling batteries in a well-ventilated area.
- 2. Wearing eye protection and rubber gloves.
- Avoiding breathing fumes when electrolyte is added.
- 4. Avoiding spilling or dripping electrolyte.
- 5. Use proper jump start procedure.

If you spill acid on yourself:

- 1. Flush your skin with water.
- Apply baking soda or lime to help neutralize the acid.
- 3. Flush your eyes with water for 10-15 minutes.
- 4. Get medical attention immediately.

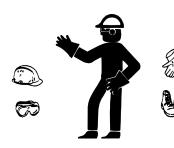
· If acid is swallowed:

- 1. Drink large amounts of water or milk.
- 2. Then drink milk of magnesia, beaten eggs, or vegetable oil.
- 3. Get medical attention immediately.

USE SAFE SERVICE PROCEDURES

Wear Protective Clothing



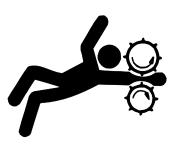


Wear close fitting clothing and safety equipment appropriate to the job.

Prolonged exposure to loud noise can cause impairment or loss of hearing. Wear a suitable hearing protective device such as earmuffs or earplugs to protect against objectionable or uncomfortable loud noises.

Operating equipment safely requires the full attention of the operator. Do not wear radio or music headphones while operating machine.

Service Machines Safely



Tie long hair behind your head. Do not wear a necktie, scarf, loose clothing, or necklace when you work near machine tools or moving parts. If these items were to get caught, severe injury could result.

Remove rings and other jewelry to prevent electrical shorts and entanglement in moving parts.

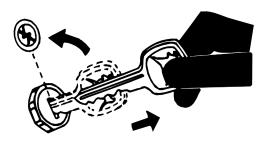
Use Proper Tools

Use tools appropriate to the work. Makeshift tools and procedures can create safety hazards. Use power tools only to loosen threaded parts and fasteners. For loosening and tightening hardware, use the correct size tools. **DO NOT** use U.S. measurement tools on metric fasteners. Avoid bodily injury caused by slipping wrenches. Use only service parts meeting John Deere specifications.

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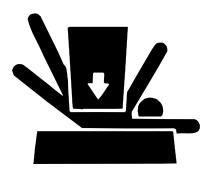
Park Machine Safely



Before working on the machine:

- 1. Lower all equipment to the ground.
- 2. Stop the engine and remove the key.
- 3. Disconnect the battery ground strap.
- Hang a "DO NOT OPERATE" tag in operator station.

Support Machine Properly And Use Proper Lifting Equipment



If you must work on a lifted machine or attachment, securely support the machine or attachment.

Do not support the machine on cinder blocks, hollow tiles, or props that may crumble under continuous load. Do not work under a machine that is supported solely by a jack. Follow recommended procedures in this manual.

Lifting heavy components incorrectly can cause severe injury or machine damage. Follow recommended procedure for removal and installation of components in the manual.

Work In Clean Area

Before starting a job:

- 1. Clean work area and machine.
- Make sure you have all necessary tools to do your iob.
- 3. Have the right parts on hand.
- Read all instructions thoroughly; do not attempt shortcuts.

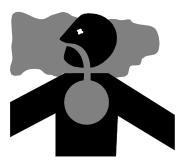
Using High Pressure Washers

Directing pressurized water at electronic/electrical components or connectors, bearings, hydraulic seals, fuel injection pumps or other sensitive parts and components may cause product malfunctions. Reduce pressure and spray at a 45 to 90 degree angle.

Illuminate Work Area Safely

Illuminate your work area adequately but safely. Use a portable safety light for working inside or under the machine. Make sure the bulb is enclosed by a wire cage. The hot filament of an accidentally broken bulb can ignite spilled fuel or oil.

Work In Ventilated Area



Engine exhaust fumes can cause sickness or death. If it is necessary to run an engine in an enclosed area, remove the exhaust fumes from the area with an exhaust pipe extension.

If you do not have an exhaust pipe extension, open the doors and get outside air into the area.

WARNING: California Proposition 65 Warning

Gasoline engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

Remove Paint Before Welding Or Heating

Avoid potentially toxic fumes and dust. Hazardous fumes can be generated when paint is heated by welding, soldering, or using a torch. Do all work outside or in a well ventilated area. Dispose of paint and solvent properly. Remove paint before welding or heating: If you sand or grind paint, avoid breathing the dust. Wear an approved respirator. If you use solvent or paint stripper, remove stripper with soap and water before welding. Remove solvent or paint stripper containers and other flammable material from area. Allow fumes to disperse at least 15 minutes before welding or heating.

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Avoid Harmful Asbestos Dust

Avoid breathing dust that may be generated when handling components containing asbestos fibers. Inhaled asbestos fibers may cause lung cancer.

Components in products that may contain asbestos fibers are brake pads, brake band and lining assemblies, clutch plates, and some gaskets. The asbestos used in these components is usually found in a resin or sealed in some way. Normal handling is not hazardous as long as airborne dust containing asbestos is not generated.

Avoid creating dust. Never use compressed air for cleaning. Avoid brushing or grinding material containing asbestos. When servicing, wear an approved respirator. A special vacuum cleaner is recommended to clean asbestos. If not available, apply a mist of oil or water on the material containing asbestos. Keep bystanders away from the area.

SERVICE TIRES SAFELY



Explosive separation of a tire and rim parts can cause serious injury or death.

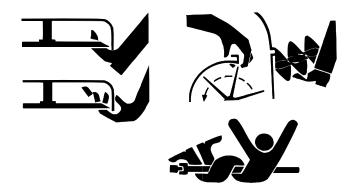
Do not attempt to mount a tire unless you have the proper equipment and experience to perform the job. Always maintain the correct tire pressure. Do not inflate the tires above the recommended pressure. Never weld or heat a wheel and tire assembly. The heat can cause an increase in air pressure resulting in a tire explosion. Welding can structurally weaken or deform the wheel.

When inflating tires, use a clip-on chuck and extension hose long enough to allow you to stand to one side and NOT in front of or over the tire assembly. Use a safety cage if available.

Check wheels for low pressure, cuts, bubbles, damaged rims or missing lug bolts and nuts.

AVOID INJURY FROM ROTATING BLADES, AUGERS AND PTO SHAFTS





Keep hands and feet away while machine is running. Shut off power to service, lubricate or remove mower blades, augers or PTO shafts.

SERVICE COOLING SYSTEM SAFELY



Explosive release of fluids from pressurized cooling system can cause serious burns.

Shut off machine. Only remove filler cap when cool enough to touch with bare hands. Slowly loosen cap to first stop to relieve pressure before removing completely.

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HANDLE CHEMICAL PRODUCTS SAFELY





Direct exposure to hazardous chemicals can cause serious injury. Potentially hazardous chemicals used with John Deere equipment include such items as lubricants, coolants, paints, and adhesives.

A Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) provides specific details on chemical products: physical and health hazards, safety procedures, and emergency response techniques. Check the MSDS before you start any job using a hazardous chemical. That way you will know exactly what the risks are and how to do the job safely. Then follow procedures and recommended equipment.

Dispose of Waste Properly

Improperly disposing of waste can threaten the environment and ecology. Potentially harmful waste used with John Deere equipment include such items as oil, fuel, coolant, brake fluid, filters, and batteries. Use leakproof containers when draining fluids. Do not use food or beverage containers that may mislead someone into drinking from them. Do not pour waste onto the ground, down a drain, or into any water source. Inquire on the proper way to recycle or dispose of waste from your local environmental or recycling center, or from your John Deere dealer.

LIVE WITH SAFETY



Before returning machine to customer, make sure machine is functioning properly, especially the safety systems. Install all guards and shields.

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GENERAL VEHICLE SPECIFICATIONS





Make	Gasoline FC420V Natural 10.4 kW (14 hp) 423 mL (25.8 cu. in.) 4 Cycle 89 mm (3.500 in.) 68 mm (2.68 in.) 1550 ±75 rpm 3350 ±50 rpm Overhead Valves
Oil Filter	
Engine Oil Capacity (with filter)	
Cooling System	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Air Cleaner	
Muffler	
ENGINE-LX173	
Make	Vahla:
Series	
Type	
Model	
Aspiration	
Horsepower	` ',
Cylinders	
Displacement	,
Stroke/Cycle	-
Bore	` ,
Stroke	` ,
Slow Idle	•
Fast Idle (Domestic)	·
Valving	
Lubrication	
Oil Filter	
Engine Oil Capacity (with filter)	1.8 L (1.9 U.S. qt)
Engine Oil Capacity (with filter)	1.8 L (1.9 U.S. qt) Air Cooled
Engine Oil Capacity (with filter)	

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ENGINE-LX178

	John Deere "K" Series
	Gasoline
	FD440V
	Natural
	11.1 kW (15 hp)
	437 mL (26.7 cu. in.)
	67 mm (2.34 in.)
	62 mm (2.44 in.)
	1550 ±75 rpm
	3400 ±75 rpm
•	Overhead Valves
	Pressurized
	Full Flow Filter
	1.50 L (3.2 U.S. pt)
	Liquid Cooled
	Two-stage with replaceable filter element
Muffler	Horizontal discharge below frame
NGINE-LX186	
	John Deere "K" Series
••	Gasoline
Model	EC540V

ΕN

Make	John Deere "K" Series
Type	Gasoline
Model	FC540V
Aspiration	Natural
Horsepower	10.4 kW (14 hp)
Cylinders	
Displacement	423 mL (25.8 cu. in.)
Stroke/Cycle	4 Cycle
	89 mm (3.50 in.)
Stroke	68 mm (2.680 in.)
Slow Idle	1550 ±75 rpm
Fast Idle	3350 ±50 rpm
Valving	Overhead Valves
Lubrication	Pressurized
Oil Filter	Full Flow Filter
Engine Oil Capacity (with filter)	1.80 L (3.8 U.S. pt.)
Cooling System	Air Cooled
Air Cleaner	Two-stage with replaceable filter element
Muffler	Horizontal discharge below frame

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ENGINE-LX188
Make
Type Gasoline
Model
Aspiration
Horsepower
Cylinders
Displacement
Stroke/Cycle
Bore
Stroke 62 mm (2.44 in.) Slow Idle 1550 ±75 rpm
Fast Idle
ValvingOverhead Valves
Lubrication
Oil FilterFull Flow Filter
Engine Oil Capacity (with filter)
Cooling System
Air Cleaner
Muffler
FUEL SYSTEM
Fuel Tank Location
Fuel Tank Capacity
Fuel (minimum octane)
Fuel Pump Location
LX172, LX173, LX176 and LX186 On left-hand side of engine
LX178 and LX188 On front of engine
Fuel Delivery Float-Type Side Draft Carburetor
Fuel Filter Replaceable In-Line
ELECTRICAL
Ignition Discharge Ignition (CDI)
Type of Starter Solenoid Shift
Charging System
Charging Capacity
LX172/LX173/LX176/LX186
LX178/LX188
Battery Type
Battery Voltage
Battery Reserve Capacity at 25 Amp
Battery Cold Cranking Amps at -18°C (0°F)
Ignition Interlock Switches
Brake — LX176/LX178/ LX186/LX188
PTO DRIVE
Type
Clutch Type Engine-Mounted, Electric
ControlSwitch on dash

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